

Laser Engraver (Epilog Laser Helix)

What is provided:

- Laser Engraver/Cutter
- Rotary Attachment
- Design Software, including CorelDRAW
- Support from staff

What to bring:

- Materials
 - **Up to 18" x 24"**
 - See list of prohibited/allowed materials below
 - Can engrave cylindrical objects (vases, cups, etc.)
- Artwork/Text/Design for Engraving
- Flash Drive (to save your projects)

Instructions:

Call 330-722-2681 to schedule an appointment.

Before your appointment watch at least one of the MCDL project videos to familiarize yourself with the software and equipment. Choose from:

- Family Recipe Cutting Board - <https://youtu.be/OcvS-Jw3xdA>
- LED Acrylic Light - <https://youtu.be/2SvQKV7HiJo>
- Slate Coaster - <https://youtu.be/qWtwCxzybWY>
- Personalized Pencils - <https://youtu.be/W5Wem4nuWIE>

To use the Laser Engraver, you will need to...

- 1) Select your materials.
- 2) Create your artwork file in CorelDRAW.
- 3) Select and apply your settings.

Tips:

- Every type of material will react differently with the laser.
- Similar materials use similar settings.
- Test your material, before attempting your entire project.
- When in doubt, start with lower power settings. Remember: you can always re-run your job as long as you don't move it in the machine.



Select Your Materials

Prohibited Materials

These materials may be hazardous to the user's health and/or may damage the equipment.

| Materials that will not cut successfully on the laser engraver. | |
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| Material | Danger |
| HDPE (Milk Bottle Plastic) | Fire Hazard |
| Polycarbonate/Lexan (>1mm) | |
| Polypropylene Foam | |
| Polystyrene Foam | |
| ABS | Health Hazard – Cyanide Gas |
| PVC (Poly Vinyl Chloride) | Health Hazard – Chlorine Gas |
| Vinyl | |
| Pleather/Artificial Leather | |
| Coated Carbon Fiber | Health Hazard – Noxious Fumes |
| Fiberglass | |
| Rubber | |
| Plastic | |
| Lead Crystal | Health Hazard – Crystal Shatters |
| Mylar | Tends to warp and bubble. |
| Solid Styrene | Generates too much smoke. |
| Carbon Fiber Mats | Health Hazard – Noxious Fumes |

Allowed Materials

| Material | Action | DPI/Freq | Power |
|--|------------------------|-----------------|--------------|
| <i>Notes</i> | | | |
| Acrylic – 100% <i>Cuts extremely well, leaving a beautifully polished edge. Cutting Note: Adjusting the standard focus distance so it is closer to the lens by about .030" (.762 mm) will produce better edge quality on 1/4" acrylic and thicker. Two passes may produce better results and allow for cutting through thicker materials. There are two types of acrylic: cast is better for engraving (creates a frosted look when engraved) and extruded acrylics are better for smooth-edged cutting.</i> | Photo Engraving | 300 DPI | 90s 50p |
| | Text/Clipart Engraving | 300 DPI | 90s 70p |
| | Text/Clipart Engraving | 600 DPI | 90s 65p |
| | Cutting 1/8" (3 mm) | 5000 f | 15s 100p |
| | Cutting 1/4" (6 mm) | 5000 f | 8s 100p |
| | Cutting 3/8" (9.5 mm) | 5000 f | 3s 100p |



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| Ceramic Tile <i>Apply dry erase marker to emphasize engraving</i> | Engraving | 600 DPI | 90s 50p |
| Cork <i>Cuts nicely, but quality of cut depends on thickness/quality of cork. Engineered cork contains glue and may not cut as well. Cut up to ¼" thick.</i> | Engraving | 300 DPI | 90s 40p |
| | Cutting | 500f | 25s 40p |
| Fabric <i>When engraving fabric, try changing the graphic to 80% gray and use the Jarvis dithering pattern.</i> <i>No plastic-coated or impregnated cloth!</i> | | | |
| Fabric: Cotton <i>Also cuts well; test a swatch first and adjust settings as needed.</i> | Engraving | 300 DPI | 90s 20p |
| Fabric: Denim <i>Also cuts well; test a swatch first and adjust settings as needed.</i> | Engraving | 300 DPI | 90s 25p |
| Fabric: Fleece | Engraving | 150 DPI | 90s 25p |
| | Cutting | 2500f | 25s 15p |
| Fabric: Twill | Cutting | 2500f | 50s 40p |
| Glass <i>Green or dark colored glass works best and produces a sandblasted look. When etching glass, try changing the graphic to 80% gray before engraving and using the Jarvis dithering pattern. You can also diffuse heat by covering the glass with a thin sheet of dish soap.</i> | Engraving | 300 DPI | 70s 40p |
| Leather/Suede <i>Leather can be cut in thinner than a belt (1/8").</i> <i>Real leather only. "Pleather" poses a health hazard.</i> | Photo Engraving | 300 DPI | 90s 30p |
| | Text/Clipart Engraving | 600 DPI | 90s 40p |
| | Cutting 1/8" (3mm) | 500f | 30s 70p |
| Magnetic Sheet <i>Cuts beautifully.</i> | Cutting | 2500f | 45s 100p |
| Metal: AlumaMark | Engraving | 300 DPI | 90s 35p |
| | Engraving | 600 DPI | 90s 25p |



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| Metal: Anodized Aluminum <i>Vaporizes the anodization away. We find when engraving anodized aluminum, text appears best at 600 DPI, but photos and clipart can be engraved with great detail down to 300 DPI.</i> | Photo/Clipart Engraving | 300 DPI | 90s 45p |
| | Photo/Clipart Engraving | 600 DPI | 90s 40p |
| | Text Engraving | 600 DPI | 90s 50p |
| Metal: Painted/Coated Metals <i>Vaporizes the paint away</i> | Engraving | 600 DPI | 90s 50p |
| Metal: Painted Brass | Engraving | 300 DPI | 90s 45p |
| Metal: Stainless Steel w/ Cermark | Engraving | 600 DPI | 30s 100p |
| Mat Board/Cardboard/Paper/Cardstock <i>Bottom-up engraving is suggested. Watch for fire.</i> | Engraving | 400 DPI | 70s 80p |
| | Cutting | 500f | 20s 40p |
| Gator Foam <i>Can be cut if monitored. Foam core burned faster than top/bottom shell.</i> | Cutting | | |
| Depron Foam <i>Must be constantly monitored. 1/4" cuts nicely, with a smooth edge.</i> | Cutting 1/4" | | |
| Kapton Tape (Polyimide) <i>Cuts well in thin sheets and strips.</i> | Cutting 1/16" | | |
| Teflon / PTFE <i>Cuts acceptably in thin sheets.</i> | Cutting (thin) | | |
| Stone, Granite, Soapstone, Onyx <i>Gets a white "textured" look when etched.</i> | Engraving | | |
| Stone: Marble <i>Every marble is very different for settings. Start low and increase the power with a second run if you haven't used that marble before.</i> | Photo Engraving | 300 DPI | 90s 45p |
| | Text Engraving | 600 DPI | 90s 55p |
| Stone: Slate | Photo Engraving | 300 DPI | 100s 20p |
| | Text Engraving | 300 DPI | 100s 20p |
| Pumpkins <i>May take 3 passes</i> | Text/Clipart Engraving | 600 DPI | 55s 100p |
| Wood | Photo Engraving | 600 DPI | 50s 100p |

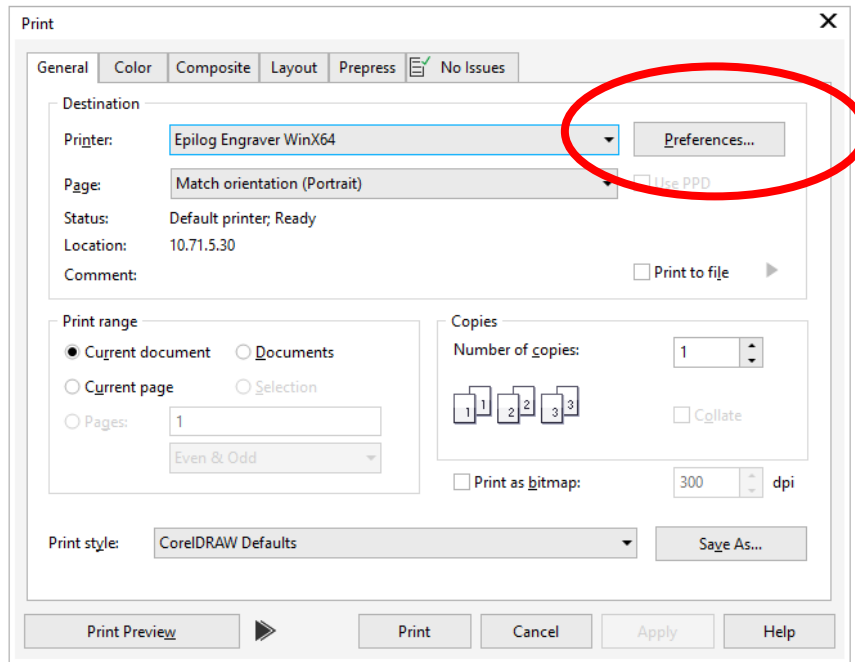


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| <p>Wood (continued)</p> <p><i>When cutting wood, multiple passes may allow cutting of thicker materials. You can readjust the focus between passes down to the center point of the cut for the best results.</i></p> <p><i>MDF/Engineered woods are acceptable to use, but may experience greater charring when cut.</i></p> <p><i>Use caution with plywood/composite woods; these contain glue and may not laser cut as well as solid wood.</i></p> <p><i>Avoid oily/resinous woods. Oily/resinous woods may catch fire.</i></p> | Text/Clipart Engraving | 600 DPI | 40s 100p |
| | Text/Clipart Engraving | 300 DPI | 35s 100p |
| | Deep Engraving | 600 DPI | 20s 100p |
| | Cutting Thin Veneer | 500f | 30s 14p |
| | Cutting 1/8" (3mm) | 500f | 35s 100p |
| | Cutting 1/4" (6mm) | 500f | 15s 100p |
| | Cutting 3/8" (9.5mm) | 500f | 6s 100p |

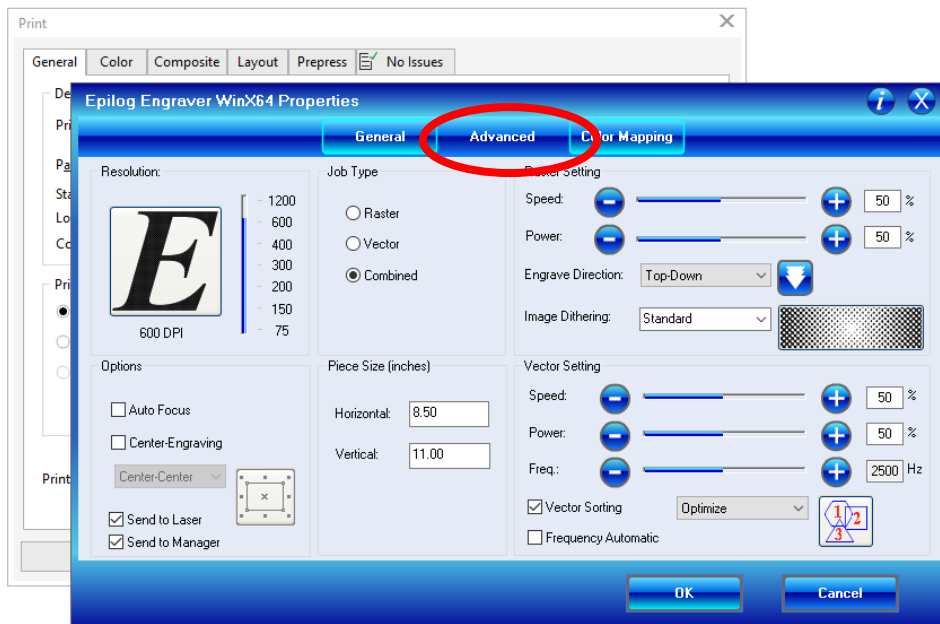


Printing your file on the Epilog engraver

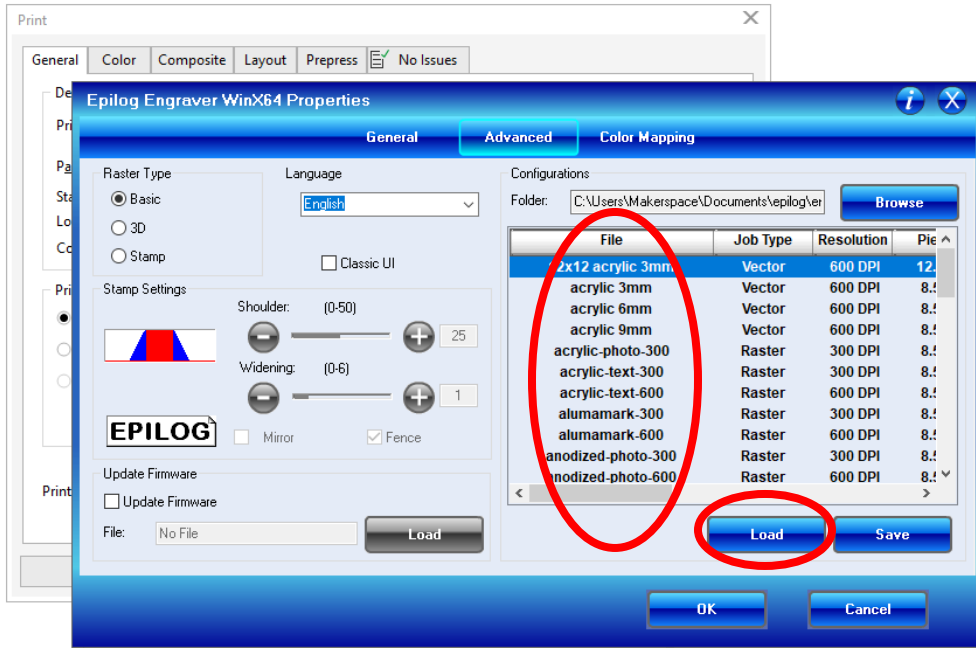
1. With your file opened in CorelDRAW, Click on File then click on Print (or press CTRL+P).
2. Then click “Preferences.”



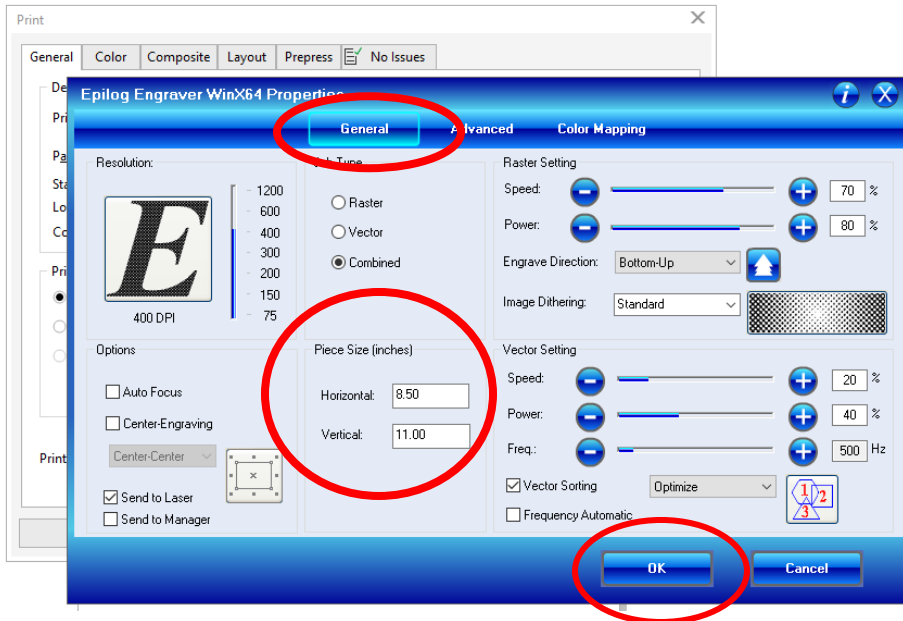
3. Click on “Advanced.”



- In “Advanced,” scroll through the available material profiles until you locate the material type with which you are working. Click on the material you are using, then click “Load.”



- Once the profile has loaded, click on “General.” Verify/enter the correct size of the piece you want to engrave/etch. Then click OK.



6. Verify that there are “no issues” (see tab at right), then click “Apply” and click “Print.” Your job will then be sent to the Epilog Laser queue and is available for release on the Epilog Laser.

